

Finance
7 Newington Barrow Way
London N7 7EP

Report of: Corporate Director - Resources

Meeting of: Audit Committee

Date: **11 July 2023**

Ward(s): All

Subject: Principal Risk Report 2023

1. Synopsis

- 1.1. The articulation and mitigation of risks at Islington Council is a dynamic process, with risk management embedded in decision-making. This report presents the current principal risks facing Islington. The report represents the Council's position as at May 2023.
- 1.2. The Principal Risk Report (PRR) is an annual report written in consultation with risk leads, Directorate Management Teams (DMTs) and the Corporate Management Board (CMB). The previous PRR was presented to the Audit Committee in June 2022.
- 1.3. Overall the report details:
 - Appendix 1: Principal Risk Map the heatmap diagram indicates the
 positioning of Principal Risks, detailing the likelihood and impact scores for
 each risk. The impact matrix details the risk scoring mechanism.
 - Appendix 2: Risk Universe presents an overview of the risks by category, demonstrating our balance of risk;
 - Appendix 3: How areas of risk link to our objectives maps the links between Principal Risks and the Council's strategic objectives.
 - Appendix 4: Executive Summary of the Principal Risks details the current and target risk score for each risk, the CMB risk lead, and forward trend;
 - Appendix 5: Principal Risk detailed information and action plans (risk on a page) details the risk information and update alongside the action plan

for each risk to achieve the target risk score. The target risk score is an expression of our risk appetite setting out the risk score we are working towards in the next 12 months.

2. Recommendations

2.1. The Committee is asked to note the report.

3. Background

3.1. The Council's Risk Manager met with circa 30 risk leads across the Council over March and April 2023, to review principal risks. These discussions covered the achievement of previously set objectives, assessed the current risk profile, identified any new risks and mitigating actions, and current and target risk scores were revisited. During May 2023, Directorate Management Teams reviewed and agreed the risks within their remit The report was discussed and agreed by the Corporate Management Board in May 2023.

Key risk themes

- 3.2. Key risk themes are currently presenting as follows:
 - Inflation and cost of living crisis continued economic pressure due to inflation is a factor for many Principal Risks, most notably Financial Resilience of Residents and the New Build Programme with construction costs at a 40-year high. Social inequalities are likely to increase due to the cost-of-living crisis and put more families under financial pressure.
 - <u>Financial Resilience of the Council</u> While significant uncertainty remains around local authority funding from 2025/26, there has been some improvements in forecasts and more resilience built into the Council's budget to address ongoing uncertainty. There continue to be a need for significant savings over the medium term and this is reflected in the Medium-Term Financial Strategy.

Summary of the Council's overall risk position

3.3. The Council has articulated 28 principal risks as at May 2023. Seven principal risks have reduced in overall risk score since the last report, and five have increased in risk score. Two principal risks have moved within target score since the last report (Non-Recent Child Abuse, Serious Information Breach). The Council continues to operate in a heightened risk environment, with 25 risks scored above the agreed target. Target risk scores outlined at Appendix 4 reflect our ability to mitigate risks.

- 3.4. One principal risk has been closed (Covid-19 Outbreak Control) and one new principal risk has been added (Increasing Homelessness Pressures). Further commentary is included below.
- 3.5. A report from External Audit included an observation of the high number of principal risks and a recommendation to rationalise the total number of risks in the Principal Risk Report. It is management's view that the number of risks is reasonable given the breadth of Council responsibilities, the challenging external environment in which it operates, and the ambitious missions in the strategic plan. The Council's risk management framework includes a risk appetite statement and outlines the basis for determining if a risk meets the criteria for principal risk classification.
- 3.6. External Audit also made a recommendation on developing risk management training for all staff. Management will consider how to best to develop and deploy risk management training.

New principal risk

- 3.7. One new principal risk has been added as described below.
- 3.8. **Risk title:** Increasing Homelessness Pressures

Risk Description: Increasing numbers of people applying as homeless lead to the increased use of expensive and inappropriate use of temporary accommodation which will place a financial burden on the Council's General Fund budgets.

Cause: Increasing numbers of people applying as homeless due to the cost-of-living crisis, the war in Ukraine and the sale of private rented properties due to the wider global economic environment

Consequence: Considerable financial pressure on the council's General Fund budget, hardship for Islington residents facing homelessness

Rationale for adding: Nationally, there has been an increasing trend in the number presenting as homeless or at threat of homelessness. Islington is seeing the same trend with 1,029 homeless households living in temporary accommodation as of 31st March 2023, compared to 848 homeless households the previous year. Numbers are expected to increase over the short term due to cost of living pressures and a shortage of available social housing options and could have a significant impact on the Council's General Fund's budget.

Closed principal risk

- 3.9. One principal risk has been removed from the principal risk report and will be managed at Directorate level. The rationale for the change in status is provided below.
- 3.10. Risk title: Covid-19 Outbreak Control

Risk description: Significant future wave/s of Covid-19 cause harm to local communities.

Rationale for closing: Following the roll-out of the Covid-19 vaccination programme, the risk from any further waves has significantly reduced. The national strategy for Covid-19 management changed in 2022 and there is no longer a national structure in place for population testing. The Public Health team continues to monitor Covid trends, including any new variants that may emerge. The team continue to work with NHS and voluntary sector partners to promote take-up of vaccination for eligible groups and managing Covid-19 in vulnerable settings.

Key amendments to risk articulation

- 3.11. The articulation of principal risks is continuously reviewed to ensure they accurately describe the current risk context. In this update, two principal risks have been amended as described below.
- 3.12. **Risk Title:** Cost of Energy (Previously Volatility in Energy Markets)

Risk description: Sustained high and increasing energy costs, and longer-term volatility of energy markets, cause budget pressures for the Council, Schools and residents on the Council's communal heating systems and Bunhill heat network **Cause:** Sustained high prices in the global energy market, performance of public buying organisation (LASER), services do not adapt budgets and activities to meet pressure in energy expenditure.

Consequence: Significant overspend on Council budget, key projects and programmes scaled down, paused or cancelled, savings targets not met.

Risk sponsor: Corporate Director for Environment and Climate Change

Rationale for change: The risk has been amended to reflect that volatility has stabilised in the short term and the main risk exposure is around sustained high energy costs and its impact.

3.13. **Risk Title:** Climate Change Resilience (Previously Delivering Net Zero Carbon) **Risk description:** The Council and the borough does not achieve the necessary climate mitigation and adaptation measures in response to the climate emergency.

According to climate risk modelling by Mayor of London and Bloomberg, Islington is amongst six boroughs at particularly high risk from the effects of climate change.

Cause: Lack of climate adaptation and mitigation measures implemented within the Council's Net Zero Carbon strategy. Resource and/or funding constraints (access to external funding) to deliver the Net Zero Carbon Strategy; Lack of supportive national policy and funding for decarbonisation; Lack of influence over key stakeholders (local/national)

Consequence: Flood risks to communities, businesses and infrastructure; risks to health, well-being and productivity from higher temperatures and poor air quality; risks of water deficits in public water supply, and for energy generation and industry, with impacts on freshwater ecology; disadvantaged communities will be disproportionately affected by climate change impacts; reputational impact of failing to meet net zero carbon target.

Risk sponsor: Corporate Director for Environment and Climate Change **Rationale for change:** The risk has been amended to reflect the increasing focus on climate change adaptation and resilience alongside delivering on the zero carbon commitments.

4. Implications

4.1. Financial Implications

4.1.1. The programme of work has been met from within the existing risk management budget. The financial implications of individual principal risks are met by local budgets.

4.2. Legal Implications

4.2.1. There are no legal implications arising from this report. Legal advice and support will be provided, where necessary, in relation to individual risks.

4.3. Environmental Implications and contribution to achieving a net zero carbon Islington by 2030

- 4.3.1. The significant increase in energy costs for the Council means there is less budget available for non-statutory areas of work, which includes decarbonisation works. However, it has also focussed minds on the drive to reduce energy consumption, which is delivering carbon savings.
- 4.3.2. The report recommends agreeing the action plans in the risk register, some of which have environmental implications, including:
 - Accelerate installation of smart meters in Council buildings will enable better controls on energy use and could lead to reductions in emissions
 - Corporate Energy Savings Programme activities also expected to lead to a reduction in emissions

- Completion of the decommissioning of Newington Barrow Way datacentre and the removal of all non-site-specific IT from 222 Upper Street data centre – implications include reduction in energy consumption on-site (although could be increases elsewhere) plus generation of IT waste that needs to be disposed of correctly
- Deliver London wide work-plans in our role as lead authority for Renewable Power on the London Councils climate change programme – could result in the Council joining a power purchase agreement for renewable energy, reducing our carbon emissions
- Project to roll out inter-linked alarms in street properties materials use

4.4. Equalities Impact Assessment

- 4.4.1. The Council must, in the exercise of its functions, have due regard to the need to eliminate discrimination, harassment and victimisation, and to advance equality of opportunity, and foster good relations, between those who share a relevant protected characteristic and those who do not share it (section 149 Equality Act 2010). The council has a duty to have due regard to the need to remove or minimise disadvantages, take steps to meet needs, in particular steps to take account of disabled persons' disabilities, and encourage people to participate in public life. The council must have due regard to the need to tackle prejudice and promote understanding.
- 4.4.2. An Equalities Impact Assessment is not required in relation to this report because the recommendation being sought does not have direct impacts on residents.

Appendices:

- **Appendix 1: Principal Risk Map** the heatmap diagram sets out positioning of risks, detailing the likelihood and impact scores. The impact matrix details the risk scoring mechanism.
- Appendix 2: Risk Universe presents an overview of the risks by category, demonstrating our balance of risk;
- Appendix 3: How areas of risk link to our objectives maps the links between Principal Risks and the Council's strategic objectives.
- Appendix 4: Executive Summary of the Principal Risks details the current and target risk score for each risk, the CMB risk lead, and forward trend;
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Final report clearance:

Agreed by:

Corporate Director of Resources

Date: 20.07.2023

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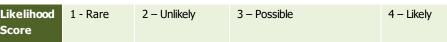
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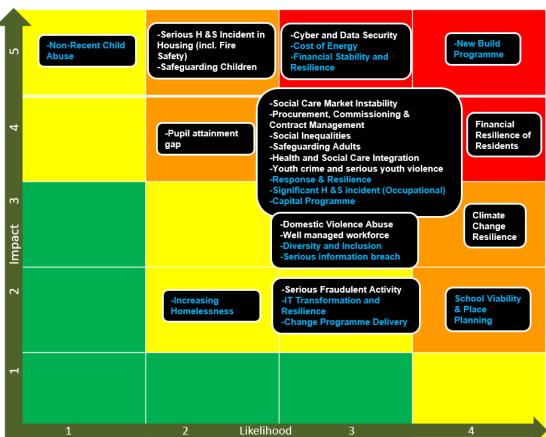
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Appendix 1 - Principal Risk Map and Impact Scoring Matrix (Note: Risk titles in blue indicate a change in score from the 2022 report)

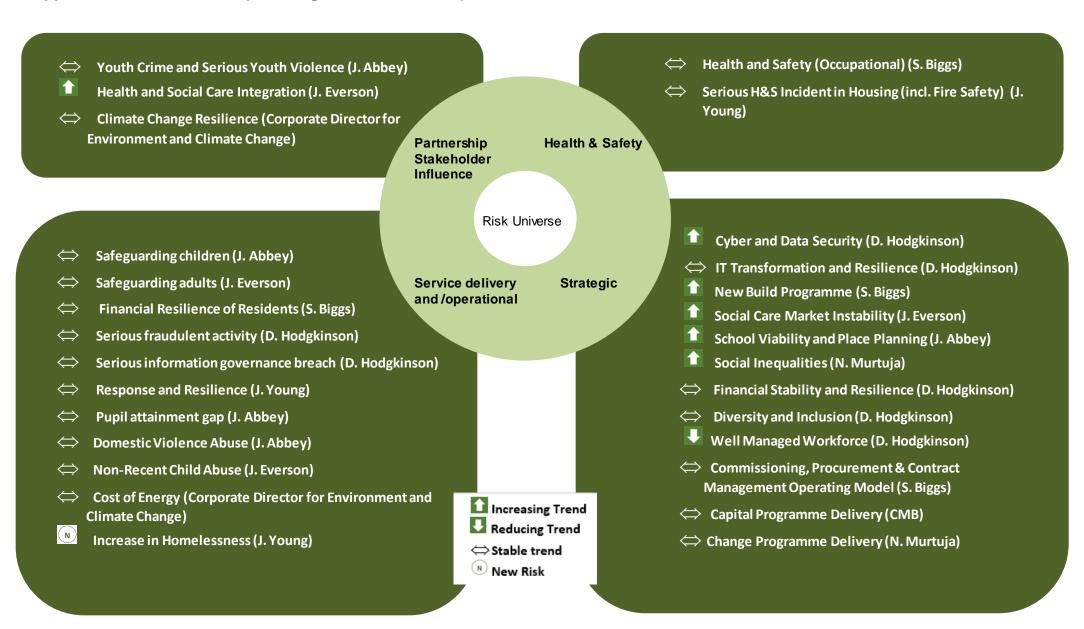
| Impact Ratings | Financial | Service Delivery | Health and Wellbeing | Reputation |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|---|
| 5 | Financial loss above £10m. | Major disruption to a number of critical services. | Multiple deaths or serious/life-changing non-recoverable injury(s)/extreme safeguarding alerts likely. | Long term damage – e.g. Adverse national or local publicity, highly damaging severe loss of public confidence. Widespread and high level of criticism. Impacts on staffing and recruitment. |
| 4 | Financial loss above £8m. | Major disruption of a critical service. | Multiple casualties with recoverable injuries. Major safeguarding concerns potentially affecting multiple people. Evidence of known sustained neglect or abuse without intervention. | Medium to long term damage – e.g. Adverse local regional or national publicity, major loss of confidence, a matter that is frequently referenced in relation to the council. |
| 3 | Financial loss above £6m. | Major disruption of an important service. Moderate disruption of a critical service. | Noticeable safeguarding risks – evidence of known neglect or abuse without intervention. | Medium term damage – e.g Adverse publicity, local, regional and national coverage, with significant follow-up stories |
| 2 | Financial loss above £4m. | Moderate disruption of an important service. | Single casualties with recoverable injuries. Noticeable safeguarding risks – evidence of neglect. | Short term damage – e.g. Adverse publicity, national follow-up stories on the same issue. |
| 1 | Financial loss above £1m. | Brief disruption of an important service. Repeated disruption of a core service. | Medical treatment required, semi-permanent harm, up to 1 year. Safeguarding concerns of neglect. | Short term damage – e.g. Adverse publicity, regional follow-up stories on the same issue. |
| Likelihoo Score | d 1 - Rare | 2 – Unlikely | 3 – Possible | 4 – Likely |





Note: risks have been scored considering the above criteria in view of the current controls in place. The criteria (Financial, Service Delivery, Health and Wellbeing or Reputation) considered most appropriate to each risk has been chosen. Risks in the same black box share the same scoring, the order they appear in the box is not indicative of severity.

Appendix 2 - Risk Universe (Including risk forward trend)



Appendix 3: How areas of risk link to our strategic objectives

Child Friendly Islington: Children and young people can feel safe, can thrive and be able to take part of and lead change.

- Youth crime and serious youth violence
- Domestic Violence
- Safeguarding children
- Social Inequalities
- School Viability and Place Planning
- Pupil attainment gap

Safe Place to Call Home: Everyone in Islington has a safe, decent and genuinely affordable place to call home.

- New Build Programme
- Serious health & safety incident in housing (incl. Fire Safety)

Fairer Together: Everyone in Islington who needs extra help can access the right support for them at the right time and in the right place.

- Financial resilience of residents
- Safeguarding adults
- · Social care market instability
- Health and social care integration
- Social Inequalities
- Non-Recent Child Abuse
- Domestic Violence
- Increase in Homelessness Pressures

Community Wealth Building: Sustainable, inclusive, and locally rooted economy where wealth is fairly shared.

- · Financial resilience of residents
- Social Inequalities

Islington Together 2030 **Greener Healthier Islington:** People in Islington can live healthy and independent lived and enjoy greenest, cleanest and healthiest neighborhoods.

- Climate Change Resilience
- Health and social care integration

Continue to be a well-run Council and making a difference despite reduced resources

Service Delivery

- •Response and Resilience
- •Serious Health and Safety Incident (Occupational)
- Commissioning, Procurement & Contract Management Operating Model
- •Change Programme Delivery

Financial Stability

- •Financial Stability and Resilience
- •Capital Programme Delivery
- •Cost of Energy

People

- Diversity and Inclusion
- •Well-managed Workforce

Data, Governance and Technology

- Serious Fraudulent Activity
- •Information Governance
- •Cyber and Data Security
- •IT Transformation and Resilience

Appendix 4 - Executive summary of principal risks (Details for each risk are included in Appendix 5) Current risk score in brackets indicate change from last Principal Risk Report (+ - 0).

| Current risk score (and change since the last report) | Current Score Likelihood x Impact | Target Score | | Risk | CMB Risk Sponsor | Forward trend May 2022 | Forward trend May 2023 | Comment on risk trend |
|---|--|------------------------|----|---|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| 20 (+8) | L:4 I:5 Score 20 | L:3 I:5 Score 15 | 1. | New Build Programme delivery - Affordability challenges slow progress in delivering new council homes | S. Biggs | + | • | The external economic environment, with high inflation and interest rate rises, has led to a significant increase to the cost of building new homes and increased risk of contractor withdrawal/failure. This risk is therefore assessed as increased and presenting with an increased forward trend. |
| 16 (0) | L:4 I:4 Score 16 | L:3 I:3 Score 9 | 2. | Financial Resilience of Residents – Failing to appropriately support residents | S. Biggs | • | 1 | The Council is delivering a broad programme of interventions to support residents with the cost-of-living crisis. The cost-of-living issues experienced by residents are expected to continue through 2023/24. The Council has completed significant work to mitigate the worst impacts for our low-income households, flattening the curve for those impacted and stabilising the forward outlook for the next 12 months. |
| 15 (-5) | L:3 I:5 Score 15 | L:3 I:4 Score 12 | 3. | Cost of Energy | Corporate Director for Environment and Climate Change | • | † | The risk profile has slightly improved as volatility in the energy markets has reduced in recent months. There remains a high level of uncertainty of energy costs beyond 2024/25 but the risk presents with a stable trend for the next 12 months. |

| Current risk score (and change since the last report) | Current Score Likelihood x Impact | Target Score | | Risk | CMB Risk Sponsor | Forward trend May 2022 | Forward trend May 2023 | Comment on risk trend |
|---|--|-----------------------|----|--|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| 15 (-5) | L:3 I:5 Score 15 | L2 I:2 Score 4 | 4. | Financial Stability and Resilience | D. Hodgkinson | + | 1 | The improved risk score reflects that, although there are still significant financial and economic headwinds that will continue to significantly impact the council going forward, there has been some improvement in forecasts and more resilience added to the council's budget going forward to help address continued areas of uncertainty. The outlook for the next 12 months is assessed as stable. |
| 15 (0) | L:3 I:5 Score 15 | L:3 I:3 Score 9 | 5. | Cyber and Data Security Breach | D. Hodgkinson | • | • | The cyber security programme is progressing well with several key actions completed in the last 12 months. However, the threat level in our external environment remains high and with a continued increased forward outlook. |
| 12 (+2) | L:3 I:4 Score 12 | L:1 I:4 Score 4 | 6. | Capital Programme slippage and/or delivery failure | Corporate Management Board (individual Corporate Directors as applicable) | * | + | The external economic environment has led to a significant increase to the cost of capital projects and increased risk of contractor withdrawal/failure. Slippage therefore remains a risk. In addition to a more appropriate level of capital provision, capital delivery capability and governance remains under review to mitigate delivery failure outside of affordability issues. |
| 12 (0) | L:3 I:4 Score 12 | L:3 I:3 Score 9 | 7. | Youth Crime and Serious Youth Violence - risk of increased incidents | J. Abbey | * | + | There is a continued decreasing trend in serious youth violence, but serious incidents still occur and there is an increasing complexity of need. Despite progress made in Islington in this area, this risk remains dynamic and unpredictable and risk scores remains the same with a stable forward trend. |

| Current risk score (and change since the last report) | Current Score Likelihood x Impact | Target Score | Risk | CMB Risk Sponsor | Forward trend May 2022 | Forward trend May 2023 | Comment on risk trend |
|---|--|-----------------------|---|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| 12 (0) | L:3 I:4 Score 12 | L:2 I:2 Score 4 | 8. Failure to challenge and address social inequalities | N. Murtuja | • | • | Equality and improved outcomes for Islington residents is at the heart of the new strategic plan Islington Together 2030. The current national economic context is likely to have a negative impact on social inequality and the risk presents with a continued increasing forward trend. |
| 12 (0) | L:3 I:4 Score 12 | L:2 I:3 Score 6 | Social care market instability cause provider failure or withdrawal | J. Everson | • | • | Providers continue to be heavily affected by the wider economic challenges such as cost of energy, inflation, recruitment and retention. Continued uncertainties around long-term funding for the sector means this risk continue to present with an increasing forward trend. |
| 12 (0) | L:3 I:4 Score 12 | L:2 I:4 Score 8 | 10. Safeguarding Adults- Failure to identify or respond to preventable harm | J. Everson | + | + | Adult Social Care improvement plan in place which includes recommendations identified in the Safeguarding Adult Reviews. The risk remains at the same risk score as last report with a continued stable trend. |
| 12 (0) | L:4 I:3 Score 12 | L:2 I:3 Score 6 | 11. Climate Change Resilience and Adaptation | Corporate Director for Environment and Climate Change | * | * | The net zero carbon programme is progressing well. This risk has been re-articulated to reflect that resilience and adaptation are key risk areas alongside the work to reduce carbon emissions. Climate adaptation measures are being identified by each programme workstream for incorporation in action plans going forward. The risk presents with a stable trend for the next 12 months. |

| Current risk score (and change since the last report) | Current Score Likelihood x Impact | Target Score | Risk | CMB Risk Sponsor | Forward trend May 2022 | Forward trend May 2023 | Comment on risk trend |
|---|--|-----------------------|---|---------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| 12 (0) | L:3 I:4 Score 12 | L:2 I:4 Score 8 | 12. Commissioning, procurement and contract management operating model fails to maximise value for money and social value outcomes | S. Biggs | ⇔ | 1 | The Council continues to monitor suppliers' viability and ability to deliver within the agreed parameters in the challenging economic climate. Delivery of the progressive procurement strategy 2020-27 is broadly on track and the forward trend is stable. |
| 12 (0) | L:3 I:4 Score 12 | L:2 I:2 Score 4 | 13. Health and Social Care Integration -Insufficient capacity and resource to meet need | J. Everson | • | • | The Council continues to work with local partners to embed new systems and on-going integration. Uncertainties around funding remains a challenge and the risk continue to present with an increasing forward trend. |
| 12 (+2) | L:3 I:4 Score 12 | L:1 I:4 Score 4 | 14. Serious H&S Incident (Occupational) | S. Biggs | + | + | Due to a concerning trend in incidents of verbal and physical abuse against Council staff and contractors, this risk has increased. A programme of training and monitoring is being put in place to address this and the trend over the coming 12 months is assessed as stable. |
| 12 (+4) | L:3 I:4 Score 12 | L:2 I:3 Score 6 | 15. Response & Recovery - Failure to effectively respond and recover from critical incident (organisational preparedness, resilience and business continuity) | J. Young | \ | + | The impact of the new Protect Duty on local authorities is not fully known as final details have not yet been published. Large scale changes to the Council's business continuity arrangements are underway to strengthen resilience in the event of a critical incidents. Both these factors have contributed to the increase in risk level. The forward outlook for the next 12 months is stable. |

| Current risk score (and change since the last report) | Current Score Likelihood x Impact | Target Score | Risk | CMB Risk Sponsor | Forward trend May 2022 | Forward trend May 2023 | Comment on risk trend |
|---|--|------------------------|---|---------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| 10 (0) | L:2 I:5 Score 10 | L:1 I:5 Score 5 | 16. Serious Health & Safety incident in housing (Including Fire Safety) | J. Young | + | 1 | The Council is continuing to deliver its compliance action plan in line with the new Fire Safety Act and Building Safety Act requirements. It is also delivering on actions to improve handling of damp and mould cases. This risk presents with a stable forward outlook. |
| 10 (0) | L:2 I:5 Score 10 | L:2 I:5 Score 10 | 17. Safeguarding Children – Safeguarding practice and provision for children and young people are ineffective | J. Abbey | \ | ‡ | Despite an increase in complexity of need and challenging recruitment market, the service has mitigations in place for effective safeguarding provision. The risk is presenting with a stable forward trend. |
| 9 (-3) | L:3 I:3 Score 9 | L:2 I:3 Score 6 | 18. Diversity and Inclusion – failure to attract and retain diverse talent | D. Hodgkinson | + | 1 | Over the last year, progress has been made across a programme of activities, and directorates now have People Plans to support the recruitment and development of a diverse and inclusive workforce. This risk is therefore assessed as reduced with a stable forward trend. |
| 9 (-3) | L:3 I:3 Score 9 | L:3 I:3 Score 9 | 19. Serious information breach or non-compliance with legislation | D. Hodgkinson | \(\) | ‡ | Work continues to strengthen the Council's approach in handling Freedom of Information requests and Subject Access Requests. Since the last report, there has been one serious data breach reported to the regulator ICO which was closed with no action against the Council. The risk score has been adjusted to reflect the impact of this risk. The risk presents with a stable forward trend. |

| Current risk score (and change since the last report) | Current Score Likelihood x Impact | Target Score | Risk | CMB Risk Sponsor | Forward trend May 2022 | Forward trend May 2023 | Comment on risk trend |
|---|--|-----------------------|--|------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| 9 (0) | L:3 I:3 Score 9 | L:2 I:3 Score 6 | 20. Domestic Violence Abuse – failure to provide effective practice and provision for victims | J. Abbey / J. Young | ~ | + | There has been a steady increase in referrals, with incidents of severe violence also on the rise. The Council has made significant investments in the service and is well placed to respond and continue to work with partner organisations to support victims. The forward trend is therefore assessed as stable. |
| 9 (0) | L:3 I:3 Score 9 | L:2 I:2 Score 4 | 21. Well managed workforce to deliver corporate priorities | D. Hodgkinson | • | • | The new performance management framework was launched in April 2023 and a new programme for managers will be rolled out by the end of 2023. While progress has been made, the new framework needs to be embedded before risk levels can reduce. The forward outlook is assessed as improving over the next 12 months. |
| 8 (0) | L:2 I:4 Score 8 | L:2 I:2 Score 4 | 22. Pupil attainment gap - Systemic failure to promote attendance and quality provision and interventions | J. Abbey | ~ | + | 2022 results created a new baseline for attainment post-Covid. Overall outcomes were lower in 2022 compared to pre-pandemic results but with some results consistent or better than national averages. The Council continues to deliver its Education Plan and the forward trend remains stable. |
| 8 (+2) | L:4 I:2 Score 8 | L:2 I:2 Score 4 | 23. School viability and place planning - Failure to manage the demand of school places could impact the pattern of provision and schools' viability | J. Abbey | \ \ | • | The trend of reduced demand for school places continues, with increasing pressures on school budgets. The Council continues to implement its school organisation plan to manage place planning and is increased monitoring of school budgets. A number of Islington schools are projected to go into deficit and therefore this risk is presenting with increased risk score and forward outlook. |

| current risk score (and change since the last report) | Current Score Likelihood x Impact | Target Score | Risk | CMB Risk Sponsor | Forward trend May 2022 | Forward trend May 2023 | Comment on risk trend |
|---|--|-----------------------|--|---------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| 6 (-3) | L:3 I:2 Score 6 | L:2 I:2 Score 4 | 24. Change Programme Delivery – corporate governance arrangements may not be fully embedded | N. Murtuja | + | 1 | The Transformation Team is undergoing a restructure to support a more strategic alignment with the priorities set out in Islington Together 2030 and improved resources to support change delivery. With the new approach to programme governance, it is assessed that the risk has reduced since the last report. The forward outlook remains stable. |
| 6 (-3) | L:3 I:2 Score 6 | L:2 I:2 Score 4 | 25. Effective IT Transformation and Resilience | D. Hodgkinson | \leftrightarrow | † | Most of the critical resilience projects have been completed, including a full power down of 222 Upper Street data centre. The risk score is therefore assessed as reduced and the forward trend is stable. |
| 6 (0) | L:3 I:2 Score 6 | L:2 I:2 Score 4 | 26. Serious fraudulent activity | D. Hodgkinson | ~ | + | The team has increased its capacity and will develop a programme of proactive anti-fraud reviews for 2023/24. The risk exposure remains the same with a stable forward outlook. |
| 5 (-5) | L:1 I:5 Score 5 | L:1 I:5 Score 5 | 27. Non-Recent Child Abuse – Failure to deliver support payment scheme | J. Everson | \(\) | † | The payment scheme was launched in May 2022 and has been running well over the last year. Mitigations against fraudulent claims were pro-actively addressed in the design phase of the scheme. This risk is therefore assessed as reduced with a stable trend. |
| 4 (new) | L:2 I:2 Score 4 | L:1 I:1 Score 2 | 28. Increasing homelessness pressures cause burden on Council's budget and hardship for affected residents | J. Young | - | • | There is a national trend in increasing numbers of people facing homelessness. In Islington as of 31st March 2023 there were 1,029 homeless households living in temporary accommodation compared to 848 homeless households the same time in 2022. Whilst the service is managing current pressures, the rapid increase and uncertainty around future Government funding gives rise to an increasing forward trend. |

Appendix 5: Principal Risk detailed information and action plans (risk on a page)

| Risk Information Risk Title — 1. New Build Programme | Risk Scores | Existing C | ontrols | | | |
|--|--|--|---|----------|---------|----------------|
| Risk Affordability challenges slow progress in delivering new council homes. Unable to deliver the 2023-2027 programme target of 750 new affordable homes started on site by December 2027. Cause: 1. Financial climate including interest rates and inflation, cost increases, continued lack of funding to support housing delivery, external market factors, funding model for the programme 2. Contractor failure 3. Delay in planning approval 4. Lack of resident support Consequence Reputational damage, loss of opportunity for residents, increase in housing issues in the borough. Risk Update The target of 750 new council rent homes to be started on site before December 2027 was set in October 2021 based on the data and insight available at the time. Since this time there have been significant changes in the delivery environment. Wider events affecting the national economy, including high inflation and interest rate rises, have led to a significant increase to the cost of building new homes and construction costs are now at a 40-year high. There is a lack of government funding to support the delivery on new homes. Some of our current contractors have been open regarding their inability to offer fixed price contracts going forward. Delaying in getting viable schemes through the planning process may result in increased costs leading to unviable schemes. The New Build programme is driven by the needs of our residents, but concerns around disruption and potential dislocation may weaken resident support for specific schemes. | Current Score: L:4 (+1) I:5 +1) Target Score: L:3 I:5 (+2) Gap to target: L:1 I:0 | impact required Date Reduce Staff S. Biggs Sept In 2023 Pr and Impact | o the nce nitigate of their agents into the and will s. 22 for new e there eliver the ement | | | |
| Actions | 1 | - | | Owner | | Status |
| A paper for Executive will set out mitigations across the programme, including recommendations to cease t most unviable schemes, explore scheme options across general fund, commence feasibility on the potential for long term estate transformation sites, and assess potential for generating additional funding. | | | Staff | S. Biggs | | In Progress |
| Ongoing monitoring of the risk of not being able to deliver the programme and the risk to the HRA programme's financial commitments. | from the | Reduce Impact | Staff | S. Biggs | Ongoing | In Progress |

| Risk Information Risk Title — 2. Financial Resilience of Residents | Risk Scores | Existing Con | ntrols | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|---|
| Risk – Failure to appropriately support residents to be financially resilient Cause - Government policy, global events, cost of living crisis, wider economic environment. Consequence - Vulnerable residents fall into significant new financial hardship. Evictions/ homelessness may increase. Declining physical/emotional wellbeing of residents. Arrears/economic hardship may increase the debt position towards the Council, reducing ability to fund services. Risk Update - The Council continues to deliver a range of actions to support the financial resilience of residents. The Council's Resident Support Scheme paid £1.5m to vulnerable residents in the 2022/23 financial year. This scheme is targeted at residents experiencing a financial crisis due to exceptional circumstances with no other support available to them. The first two Household Support Funds distributed £4.4m from September 2021 to September 2022 to help residents with cost-of-living issues. The third Household Support Fund round was fully distributed by year end 22/23 to a total of £6.6m. In total, around 20,000 households have received support from each round of the Household Support Fund, including payments during school holidays for families eligible for free school meals and supporting our least financially resilient households. The Council has also launched the Islington Hardship Fund of £1m of support available to households not eligible for any of the available schemes. Following the success of the pension credit take-up campaigns, which has resulted in additional annual take-up to the value of around £1.96m, the Income Maximisation (IMAX) team is planning more pro-active work to support residents to claim benefits they are entitled to. The IMAX team have built on the overall £5.1m of annual benefit entitlement they helped residents claim in 21/22 and achieved £5.8m in 22/23. The Council has also distributed £13m through the Council Tax Rebate (CTR) to those most in need. Additional investment in our CTS scheme in 22/23 has been maintained for 23/ | Current Score: L:4 I:4 Target Score: L:3 I:3 Gap to target: L:1 I:1 | partners to 2. Residents covering of (household payments financial h 3. Data led a with cohor additional 4. Benefit tak 5. Council Ta low-incom household 6. A claim for for council 7. Co-ordinat our partner partnership provide ac access to 1 8. Governme 9. Communic support ta | and Voluntary as a monitor act Support Scherisis awards, and goods), disc and council transfer to fresident benefits. The second council transfer to support pole households increased for universal creations council to support power to support powers to support pow | and Community ivities. Imme provides a community carectionary house ax welfare for laking pro-actives who appear gns. Ilicy provides so Help for worker 22/23 and 2 and 2 and 2 and 3 an | safety net re awards sing severe ve contact entitled to upport to king age 3/24. as a claim o working uding r to and need. on. ring |
| Action | Expected impact | Resource required | Owner | Due Date | Status |
| Fully utilise Residents Support Scheme funds to provide a safety net to low-income households | Reduce I | Staff/IT | S. Biggs | Ongoing | On track |
| Launch further benefit take up campaigns to maximise residents' income | Reduce I | Staff/IT | S. Biggs | Ongoing | On track |
| Distribute Government grants including Household Support Fund to those most in need | Reduce I | Staff /IT | S. Biggs | Ongoing | On track |
| Continuously refine communication strategy on financial resilience and available support and advice | Reduce I | Staff/IT | S. Biggs | Ongoing | On track |

| Risk Information Risk Title - 3. Cost of Energy | Risk Scores | Existing C | ontrols | | |
|---|--|--|--|---|---|
| Risk Sustained high and increasing energy costs, and longer-term volatility of energy markets, cause budget pressures for the Council, Schools and residents on the Council's communal heating systems and Bunhill heat network Cause Sustained high prices in the global energy market, performance of public buying organisation (LASER), services do not adapt budgets and activities to meet pressure in energy expenditure. Consequence Significant overspend on Council budget, key projects and programmes scaled down, paused or cancelled, savings targets not met Risk Update: This risk has stabilised since summer 2022 following the Council joining the public buying organisation LASER. LASER had already purchased most of its energy for 2023/24 at significantly better rates than the market prices at the time. At the time the Executive took the decision to make this change, the estimated saving for 2023/24 was £13m compared to buying on the open market, significantly reducing the Council's exposure to market volatility. There is a slight increase in energy cost expected for 2023/24 (compared to 2022/23) but costs for 2024/25 are not yet known at the time of writing. Volatility and prices in the energy markets have reduced in recent months. The Council is progressing action on reducing energy consumption, including providing advice and making recommendations to schools. Up to the end of Q3, savings of £2.4m were achieved against expected spend on electricity and gas, which was higher than the expected savings identified in the Corporate Energy Savings Programme. This programme was being overseen by a monthly Energy Board chaired by the Chief Executive, and has now become a BAU element of the net zero programme. Although the risk profile has slightly improved overall – rather than volatility and unknown levels of prices, the main issue now is sustained high prices – there remains a high level of uncertainty of energy costs beyond 2024/25. | Current Score: L: 3 (-1) I: 5 Target Score: L: 3 I: 4 Gap to target: L: 0 I: 1 | organisa Corpora consider Annual reports Commun minimisa Installat | t in place with putation LASER te Energy Saving ed BAU. monitoring and to produced by Ene nications plan to e energy use in (ion of smart met ify time of energ | s Programi argeting vis rgy Service encourage Council build ters in coun | me now sits and es team staff to dings. |
| Action | Expected impact | Resources required | Owner | Due Date | Status |
| Develop purchasing strategy for 2025/26 onwards (when LASER contract ends) | Reduce overall score | Staff | Corporate Director for Environment | End summer 2023 | In progress |
| Accelerate installation of smart meters in Council buildings | Reduce overall score | Staff | and Climate Change | Ongoing | In progress |
| Corporate Energy Savings Programme activities | Reduce overall score | Staff | | Ongoing | In progress |

| Risk Information | Risk | Existing Controls | | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Risk Title – 4. Financial Stability and Resilience | Scores | | | | | |
| Risk - Significant overspends/budget gaps. Cause — High and sustained inflationary pressures on pay and non-pay budgets (particularly energy costs), rising demand for council services and uncertainty around local government funding. Consequence - Unable to set balanced/robust budget and depletion of reserves. Risk Update - The budget setting process for the 2023-24 financial year was particularly challenging amidst significant economic and political uncertainty. Specific challenges included: A significant 3-year General Fund budget gap that started at £61m; Legacy cuts to our funding settlement since 2010, that have an ongoing impact, despite a headline increase in social care funding in the 2023-24 local government finance settlement and additional council tax flexibility; Continued significant expenditure pressures on pay, contracts and energy. The headline funding allocations in the 2023-24 local government finance settlement were offset by the additional budgetary pressures and risks, and the ongoing effect of sustained government funding cuts on net budgets. This is primarily a result of inflation remaining high for longer and social care pressures growing faster than previously anticipated. Following an extensive savings identification and appraisal/consultation process, the 2023-24 budget proposals to balance the budget were agreed by Full Council on 2 March 2023. Provision was made to enable a greater degree of financial resilience ahead of the 2023-24 financial year, such that the significant and ongoing inflationary pressures are more likely to be contained within the overall budget envelope, going forward. The economic forecasts in the Spring Budget 2023 look more favourable as regards the inflation outlook, but with potential still for volatility. Possible local government funding reforms look to have been pushed back until at least 2025-26; the first year of the next Spending Review. This provides a further financial uncertainty over the medium term. The improved risk score reflects that, althou | Current Score: L:3 (-1) I:5 Target Score: L:2 I:2 Gap to target: L:1 I:3 | which take information financial in as deliveral process is overall est reserves at 3. The counce principles against undertaked compliance 4. The counce general compliance 4. In addition budget all balanced circumstar 5. The in-ye Corporate and Performant intervals. 6. The counce and lobbies | es into account to any and the land the land the land the land the build land land land land land land land la | stimates is a councible most recent butest assumptions, external financial andget are reviewed eholders. The thoroof assurance in dudget are robust an underpinned by sencial resilience. A mancial Managen shows a continue of the shows a continue of the shows a continue of the shows are shown as a continue o | dget monitoring, informed by dvisors. If and signed off bughness of this etermining that and that financial everal key MTFS self-assessment nent. Code is d, high level of the per annum and provision ancial reserves. In the limited or delivering a an exceptional eed. Is reported to be and the Policy PS) at regular g consultations ociety of | |
| Actions | | Expected impact | Resources required | Owner | Due Date | |
| Evolving and enhanced budget setting process reflecting the ongoing need for significant savings to balance the budget over the medium term. | required | - 4 | | | | |
| Energy Board to consider energy purchasing strategy and forecasts. | | Reduce overall score | Staff | D. Hodgkinson | Ongoing | |

| Risk Information Risk Title — 5. Cyber and Data Security | Risk Scores | Existing Controls | | | |
|---|-----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Risk - Process Control Networks and/or Critical Information Assets may be compromised Cause - Computer-based unauthorised access or malicious modification of code Consequence - Denial of Service, data breach, reputational damage, disruption of service(s) Risk Update Ongoing activities continue to improve our defence in line with previously reported programmes. More systems have been migrated to a cloud environment and are now sitting outside our data centres which reduces the likelihood and impact on an attack. The initiative to move the secondary data centre out of Newington Barrow Way to Azure and other third-party hosting is progressing well. Basic controls such as two-factor authentication and geo-fencing remain important protection from phishing and hacking. The ongoing staff programme of cyber education is effective with more 'discerning' reporting of suspicious emails. The Migration of the Taranto Parking system to cloud environment significantly reduces the risk of attack through the Old St premises. | Score: L:3 | Islington council has all of the normal cyber security of expected on an organisations network. Such as access controls, computer controls, anti-virus controls, email web filtering, firewalls, Denial of service protection, ba controls. These controls are supported by processes such as set delivery, change control processes, technical design processes which are operated by IDS personnel. Togethese manage the organisations cyber security risk. These controls are regularly monitored, tightened and improved to deal with the changing levels of threat. Data (at-rest) on PC's is protected by encryption (MS BitLocker) and data exchanged between PC's WFH and Council's network is protected by VPN/TLS (in-transit) encryption. Security Incident and Event Monitoring Service (SIEM) place | s access s, email and ction, backup ch as service lesign el. Together risk. ned and nreat. on (MS WFH and the ctransit) | | |
| Action | Expected impact | Resources Owner Due Status required Date | | | |
| Completion of the decommissioning of Newington Barrow Way datacentre and the removal of all non-site-specific IT from 222 Upper Steet data centre. | Reduce Impact | t Staff D. Hodgkinson Sept 2023 In Progress | | | |

| Risk Information Risk Title — 6. Capital Programme Slippage and/or Delivery Failure | Risk Scores | Existing Controls |
|--|---|--|
| Risk Failure to adequately manage capital programmes (cost/schedule/receipts) Cause Inadequate governance and project management Consequence Financial Loss, breach of governance/regulation, reputational damage Risk Update: The Council committed to a new Corporate Asset Strategy in March 2020. It is designed to deliver a strategic, long-term approach to managing and enhancing our community asset base. The Capital Strategy and Capital Programme was approved as part of the budget setting programme at full Council in March 2023. The total expected spend over 2023/24 – 2025/26 is £474 million. The Capital investment will be used in the following areas: - Decent and affordable homes - Jobs and opportunity - A safer Borough for all - Greener and Cleaner Islington - Enhancing Community Assets The external economic environment, with high inflation and interest rate rises, has led to a significant increase to the cost of building new homes and increased risk of contractor withdrawal/failure. Slippage therefore remains a risk. In addition to a more appropriate level of capital provision, capital delivery capability and governance has materially increased in the last 2 years, helping to mitigate delivery failure outside of affordability issues | Current Score: L:3 (+1) I:4 (-1) Target Score: L:1 I:4 Gap to target: L:2 I:0 | Major Projects Board Corporate Asset Delivery Board monthly meetings, chaired by the Leader of the Council Housing Delivery Board Council Scrutiny processes A common set of project level and programme/directorate level reporting will be implemented to ensure consistency and robust delivery tracking Enhanced Reporting and monitoring of capital spend as part of the monthly monitoring. Capital receipts controls – We maintain a regular review of the property market and have been prudent in our financial assumptions. Timing delays can largely be managed through the use of HRA reserves. In the event of a decrease in projected capital receipts, the new build programme would need to be re-assessed in line with the overall available funding. |
| Action | Expected impact | Resources Owner Due Status required Date |
| Ongoing monitoring of progress and delivery | Reduce overall score | Staff CMB Ongoing In progress |
| Update process for completing business cases and the Gateway process for approving capital projects. | Reduce overall score | Staff Director of Finance July 2023 In progress |

| Risk Information Risk Title — 7. Youth crime and serious youth violence | Risk Scores | Existing Controls | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Risk - Increased incidents of youth crime and serious youth violence and a complexity of need, impact on the council's ability to respond adequately. A perceived failure to respond adequately to/prevent crime involving young people, despite extensive investment in services & well publicised plans. Cause - Early childhood trauma, disrupted attachment may lead to children unable to self-regulate; therefore, more likely to offend. Contextual factors e.g. living in high crime neighbourhoods, poverty and discrimination. Interventions are not sufficiently tailored or impactful. Consequence - Media coverage contributes to fear of crime, negative attitudes towards young people compounding the issues they face. More young people in criminal justice system and disproportionate impact on BAME communities Risk Update - The Council has made significant strides reducing the number of young people given custodial sentences, becoming first time offenders and the percentage of repeat offenders. The decreasing trend in serious youth violence and knife crime continues across in Islington but there are still serious incidents. The team is monitoring trends closely due to concerns over the impact of the cost-of-living crisis. The Council's investment in early intervention and prevention may play a part in the stable trend of incidents. Capacity is being increased for the Integrated Gang Team and Targeted Youth Support to enable more preventative work, including in schools to raise awareness of the tactics gangs use to recruit new members. The implementation of the Youth Safety Strategy is progressing and being monitored by the strategic board that is the Youth Justice Services Management Board (YJSMB). This a dynamic risk that is unpredictable and external factors for this risk remain challenging. | Current Score: L:3 I:4 Target Score: L:3 I:3 Gap to target: L:0 I:1 | children and exploitation. plan that is Delivery Gro improvement statutory or practice mode is based on There is rob strategy, with targets and 2. The Violence in Islington 3. VRU used to project. and parent viole. 4. The Met Polhigh harm of continuing. 5. Co-location teams ASB energing is: 6. Integrated (share intelligible boroughs al 7. The Targete | It includes a overseen by the overseen by the oup toll keep transts, hand-in-han ganisations. The dels especially tour own acader oust monitoring it quarterly more also monitoring e Reduction Unit and Camden exposses to sustain the Transt to now support nice ice Violence Support of 2 police office early warning systems that are should be supported to the support of 2 police office early warning systems that are should be supported to the support of 2 police office early warning systems that are should be supported to the support of 2 police office early warning systems that are should be supported to the support of 2 police office early warning systems that are should be supported to the support of 2 police office early warning systems that are should be supported to the support of the supp | response on process of the comprehensive particle of progress and continuous process and continuous process of the community process of the community process of the continuous process of the continuou | e and hership action of the Safety drive for any approach and what works'. Agency metrics and as sets. Apport project 2025. Ay school a dealing with |
| Action | Expected | Resources | Owner | Due Date | Status |
| Implementation of the Vouth Cafety Strategy | impact Reduce impact | required Staff | 1 Abboy | 2025 | In Drogress |
| Implementation of the Youth Safety Strategy | and likelihood | Stall | J. Abbey | 2025 | In Progress |

| Risk Information Risk Title — 8. Social Inequalities | Risk Scores | Existing Con | trols | | | |
|---|---|--|--------------------|--|---------------|-------------|
| Risk - Failure to challenge and address social inequalities in Islington Cause - Poor prioritisation, lack of clear governance, and/or detailed project/programme management, broader external social issues/change leading to increasing inequalities Consequence - Loss of community confidence in the Council. Poor outcomes for residents. Risk Update - The Islington Together 2030 plan was launched in March 2023. Improving outcomes for all residents is at the heart of the plan, with targeted focus on social inequality to drive progress in this area. Over 6000 residents engaged with the Council's community engagement programme in 2022 to help shape and inform the 2030 strategic plan. In 2023, stakeholders will take part in action learning workshops taking an inclusive approach to identify actions in support of delivering the outcomes that residents have said are most important to them. This collaborative approach is designed to develop creative and innovative solutions with collaboration with stakeholders and the community. The Public Health intelligence team is developing a wellbeing index for the borough which will be a cross-council tool and is expected to be in place by October 2023. Wellbeing indicators will be reported to the Islington Together Board to monitor the wellbeing of residents and the impact council interventions are having on improving wellbeing. The current social context with the cost-of-living crisis is likely to increase inequalities in society and the Council's efforts is focused on rebuilding systems and addressing systemic inequalities to achieve sustained change | Current Score: L:3 I:4 Target Score: L:2 I:2 Gap to target: L:1 I:2 | Islington Together Board monitoring delivery and impact of 20 plan Challenging Inequality Programme to drive action across the 0 ensuring the equality agenda remains a priority for the Council 3. Challenging Inequality programme board Directorate Equality Leads Clear Programme plan - including as employer, strategic leads as a service provider. Through the boards, will be monthly progress and review. Race Equality Staff Network Challenging Inequality Member Working Group (member led) Disability forum LGBT network Women's network Challenging Inequality Coalition with community | | | | |
| for the future. Action | | Expected impact | Resources required | Owner | Due Date | Status |
| Implement action learning approach for key priority outcomes | | Reduce Likelihood | Staff/Policy | N. Murtuja | March 2024 | In progress |
| Continue engagement with our communities | | Reduce Likelihood | Staff | N. Murtuja | Ongoing | In progress |
| Develop wellbeing index and strengthen corporate performance monitoring | | Reduce Likelihood and Impact | Staff | N. Murtuja/ Public Health Intelligence | Ongoing | In progress |

| Risk Information Risk Title - 9. Social Care Market Instability | Risk Scores | Existing Controls | | | | |
|---|---|--|--------------------|------------|----------|--|
| Risk - Significant provider failure/ withdrawal of providers Cause - Financial strains causing providers to withdraw from the market Consequence - Safeguarding risks to individuals, Financial. Risk Update — Increase cost of energy, LLW and inflation continues to have a significant impact on the cost of care, provider instability and costs to the Council. There is some risk that Providers will ask for uplifts to services that are beyond the financial envelope the Council has been able to account for. Rising demand and complexity further impacts on delivery. Workforce issues remain with providers carrying some vacancies, although Islington Providers appear to be sustaining adequate workforce levels currently this is a significant issue elsewhere, including in neighbouring boroughs. Furthermore, the Council is currently relying on a number of spot purchased homecare providers following provider failure of two block contract providers during the Pandemic. The Homecare Provider market is more volatile than other parts of the market. The government continues to fail to agree a long-term settlement for ASC funding which means identifying long term solutions with Providers is more challenging and the announcement in early April 2023 that funding previously promised has been significantly reduced, particularly the funding supporting the workforce, will provide even further challenge. | Current Score: L:3 I:4 Target Score: L:2 I:3 Gap to target: L:1 I:1 | We continue to work with the provider market to ensure as wide a raproviders as possible to reduce the risk of adverse impact if providers withdraw from the market We continue to work across NCL to secure additional care home capatimes of increasing pressure (winter and surges). We have regular provider forums, a provider bulletin, Care Home foruand Commissioners continue to maintain strong relationships with Provider A. We have a robust uplifts process, aligned with NCL where we can and implementing the use of Care Cubed even further to calculate the costare. We have contingency plans in place to manage either provider failure provider withdrawal from the market. We have now developed our new model of Homecare in partnership operational colleagues, residents and Providers and will be going out tender early this financial year. There are a number of workforce initiatives underway across Islingtor North Central London to promote social care careers and workforce development. We continue to pay for London Living Wage Regular contract monitoring that now includes monitoring of spot conwhere we have high volumes of residents drawing down care and suffrom them or where there are risks and helps alert us of risks early. | | | | oviders ne capacity at me forums with Providers. can and are the cost of failure or ership with ng out to slington and force pot contracts and support |
| Action | | Expected impact | Resources required | Owner | Due Date | Status |
| Monitoring of the local and national provider market | | Reduce Likelihood | Staff | J. Everson | Ongoing | In progress |
| Collaboration across North Central London with local authority and NHS cosupport the social care market and workforce. | olleagues to | Reduce Impact | Staff | J. Everson | Ongoing | In progress |
| Completing the Homecare procurement | | Reduce Impact | Staff | J. Everson | | In progress |
| Further implementation of Care Cubed | | Reduce Impact | Staff | J. Everson | Ongoing | In progress |
| Robust uplifts process | | Reduce Impact | Staff | J. Everson | | In progress |
| Recruit to specialist negotiator role | | Reduce Impact | Staff | J. Everson | | In progress |

| Risk Information Risk Title — 10. Safeguarding Adults | Risk Scores | Existing Co | ontrols | | |
|---|--|--|------------|-------------|-------------|
| Risk - Failure to fulfil our statutory obligation to identify or respond to significant prevenarm to adults at risk of abuse Cause - Provider Failure, significant provider concerns around quality of care, Non-Compositive providers, inadequate IT systems. Consequence - Risk to Individual, Reputational. Financial, CQC inspection Risk Update - Adult Social Care (ASC) improvement plan in place which in recommendations identified in the Safeguarding Adult Reviews. ASC Improvement St. group meets bi-weekly and provides oversight of actions taken and their impact on pr. Majority of the safeguarding enquiries have robust risk assessments, safeguarding planare person centred with evidence of making safeguarding personal. The weekly safeguarding opportunity to revisit any gaps in practice prior to closure. It is promoting reflective social practice. This is improving social work and safeguarding practice within teams. Stafe stated that they feel supported through the surgery and have noticed an improvement in practice and knowledge. The weekly safeguarding surgery has also ensured that chall cases do not become stuck and drift as it provides a space for practitioners to discuss cases. A number of topic-specific safeguarding practice guides have been created and to staff. Case file audits also show an improvement in a number of critical areas of practicisk assessment, mental capacity and making safeguarding personal. Through Integrated Multi-Disciplinary Quality Assurance Meeting (IQAM) we have creat quality assurance process for all packages of care and placement decisions. Development introduction of the PowerBi Safeguarding Dashboard in 2022 has improved transparency accuracy of safeguarding data which has enhanced oversight. We can monitor safeguar performance. The ISAB and the ISCP (Islington Safeguarding Children Partnership) are working together to improve the experience of wilnerable young adults transitioning into care through the Transitional Safeguarding joint steering group. The ISAB launched the Creative | score: L:3 I:4 Target Score: L:2 I:4 Gap to target: L:1 I:0 Score: L:2 I:4 Gap to target: L:1 I:0 Score: L:2 I:4 Gap to target: L:1 I:0 Score: I:4 Gap to target: I:0 Score: I:4 I:0 IIII IIII IIII IIII IIII IIII | Partnership, ISAB, ISCP, MARAC Steering Gro Board, and PREVENT There is continuous cycle of placement review case audits. Ongoing Safeguarding Adults case audits. Monitoring the Safeguarding KPIs. Development of the PowerBi Safeguarding Development of the PowerBi Safeguarding performance arget: Monthly Safeguarding and MCA Practitioner of monthly Leaders in Safeguarding forum. | | | |
| Action | Expected impact | Resources required | Owner | Due Date | Status |
| Implementing Making Safeguarding Personal using a Trauma Informed Approach. | Reduce L | Staff | J. Everson | Ongoing | In progress |
| Strengthen Mental Capacity Act practice | Reduce L | Staff | J. Everson | Ongoing | In progress |
| Modern Day Slavery - rolling out a specialised training and guidance package for staff | Reduce L | Staff | J. Everson | Ongoing | In progress |
| Preparing for delivery of training for the new Liberty Protection Safeguards to all relevant staff once the new Code of Practice is published. | Reduce L | Staff | J. Everson | Delayed | Planned |

| Risk Information Risk Title — 11. Climate Change Resilience | Risk Scores | Existing Cor | ntrols | | |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|----------------|
| Risk - The Council and the borough does not achieve the necessary climate mitigation and adaptation measures in response to the climate emergency. According to climate risk modelling by Mayor of London and Bloomberg, Islington is amongst six boroughs at particularly high risk from the effects of climate change. Cause - Lack of climate adaptation and mitigation measures implemented within the council's Net Zero Carbon strategy; Resource and/or funding constraints (access to external funding) to deliver the Net Zero Carbon Strategy; Lack of supportive national policy and funding for decarbonisation; Lack of influence over key stakeholders (local/national) Consequence - Flood risks to communities, businesses and infrastructure; risks to health, well-being and productivity from higher temperatures and poor air quality; risks of water deficits in public water supply, and for energy generation and industry, with impacts on freshwater ecology; disadvantaged communities will be disproportionately affected by climate change impacts; reputational impact of failing to meet net zero carbon target. Risk Update: The net zero carbon (NZC) programme is progressing well, with eight delivery work streams, each headed by a service director and supplemented with work stream leads. The dedicated programme delivery team is now in place with a Director, a Head of Service, three strategic business managers, a programme support officer, a communications officer, a green economy officer, an officer for housing and buildings, a net zero planning officer, a non-road mobile machinery officer and a finance officer. Plans for establishing a Citizens Panel and associated in person and digital engagement have been developed for delivery this year. The Council focused from last summer on a corporate energy savings programme and is scoping prioritised/phased delivery plans to retrofit all council owned buildings in the borough as well as is developing a programme to support decarbonisation within the private sector. We continue to seek extern | Current Score: L:4 I:3 I:3 I | | n (NZC) ex o provide s orovals and between the ng delivery orogramme ogress; man across the sentations of mmittee m ement and othority on tream on the orogramme at the region ss against to d reports a | ecutive strategic e NZC board. board hage risk, on NZC eeting to reporting. the he London — nal level the Net re | |
| Action | Expected impact | Resources required | Owner | Due Date | Status |
| Develop community engagement tools and mechanisms e.g Citizen's Panel and associated engagement opportunities. | Reduce L | Staff/Budget | Corporato | Sept 2023 | In progress |
| Strategic review of carbon offset funding, and development of a broader financial strategy that will support and contribute to the delivery of priority requirements for the programme | Reduce L | Staff | Corporate Director for Environment | Ongoing | In progress |
| Develop benefits realisation framework to enable effective impact monitoring (carbon monitoring and other KPIs) for the programme | Reduce L | Staff/Budget | and Climate Change | Ongoing | In progress |
| Deliver London wide work-plans in our role as lead authority for Renewable Power on the London councils climate change programme | Reduce L | Staff | Change | Dec 2023 | In progress |

| Risk Information Risk Title — 12. Commissioning, procurement and contract managen model fails to maximise value for money and social value outcomes | | Risk Scores | Existing Controls | | | | |
|---|------------------------------|---|---|--|---|--|--|
| Risk — Procurement and commissioning operating model not sufficiently robust and strategic to colly realise the Progressive Procurement Strategy 2020/27. The operating model may not be fitter or purpose and is not in line with the centralised approach to Category Management, dealing with procurement and supply issues within the Progressive Procurement Strategy 2020/27. Cause - Ineffective/Non-compliance with corporate contract management procedure and/or contractual terms Consequence - Not realising maximum value for money for the Council or savings from a corporate level of control, risk to delivery of key Council priorities agreed by members in terms of community wealth building, inclusive economy, social value, fairness etc. Disginificant contractor failure/contractors failing to deliver within the agreed parameters (Quality, cost and schedule) Risk Update - We continue to implement the progressive procurement strategy 2020/27, with delivery mainly on track. There have been some delays in the delivery of the new contract register system but that is now in progress with training delivered to Supply Assurance Managers on how to use the system. The new contract register will improve corporate oversight of by bringing all Council contracts in one place. First phase is being delivered, which includes input of data, complete user esting and staff training. The new Procurement Bill is expected to reach final stage in early 2024 and there is now more clarity on what the new legal requirements will be and how the council can prepare for compliance. The national economic environment continues to be challenging for with inflation and increasing costs and the Council continues to monitor suppliers' viability and ability to deliver within the agreed parameters. | | Current Score: L:3 I:4 Target Score: L:2 I:4 Gap to target: L:1 I:0 | delivery of quarterly 2. Keeping of improvem 3. Commissi overarchi Practition 4. Reviewing push for through a 5. Staff train managem 6. Conductir | of the strategic implessions basis guidance under consident. oning and Procurering direction and Suers Group for knowled the operating moderater control of considerate category ming on procurement | nent Board for pply Chain edge sharing del regularly with a ontract management nanagement model. t and contract | | |
| Action | Expected impact | Resources required | Owner | Due Date | Status | | |
| Delivering the proposed design of new operating model for commissioning and procurement | Reduce likelihood and impact | Staff | S. Biggs | Summer 2023 | In Progress | | |
| Continue to deliver the implementation plan for the progressive procurement strategy | Reduce Likelihood | Staff | S. Biggs | Ongoing | In Progress | | |
| Reviewing category management and working practice to assess quality of end-to-end processes from start to end of a contract and benefits of more a centralised approach. | Reduce Likelihood | Staff | S. Biggs | Ongoing | In progress | | |

| Risk Information | Risk | Existing Controls | | | | |
|--|--|---|--------------------|-------|----------|--|
| Risk Title - 13. Health and Social Care Integration | Scores | | | | | |
| Risk - Insufficient capacity, resource and integration within the local health and care system to meet resident's needs. Cause - National and local funding constraints Financial pressures on the health system impact on partnership arrangements with the Council and Health. As the Integrated Care System starts to develop and mature across the 5 borough footprint the role of the Local Authority to shape delivery for Islington residents is compromised. Consequence - Poor health and care outcomes for residents Risk Update - In recognition that local government place is where real changes happen a Local Integrated Care Partnership Board and Children's Partnership Board has been established with Health and Providers from across the system to agree and set local priorities. However, ensuring appropriate funding is maintained to ensure delegated functions at place level can effectively be delivered continues to be challenging as the Integrated Care Systems financial challenges are still to be addressed, and following government announcements at the beginning of April 2023 that additional funding promised to Adult Social Care has been significantly reduced. | Current Score: L:3 I:4 Target Score: L:2 I:2 Gap to target: L:1 I:2 | Health & Wellbeing Board, via the Leader of the Council is requir sign off our annual BCF plans with the NHS Quarterly Section 75 meetings at Service Director level provide jugovernance oversight of our pooled budgets Commissioners will work with colleagues in Health as we review 75 arrangements and report any plans to the Health & Wellbeing Annual Section 75 reports to the Health & Wellbeing Board proving strategic governance over our pooled budgets The Fairer Together Partnership, and its sub-boards will provide and more effective governance framework for integration locally including more shared and local decision making around our local resource. The Fairer Together Borough Board, and its sub-board proving to be an effective forum for establishing vision, working principles and a plan of action across the Islington footprint. | | | | eview Section Ilbeing Board. I provide rovide a clear locally ur local boards is orking |
| Action | | Expected impact | Resources required | Owner | Due Date | Status |
| The Local Integrated Care Board, Children's Partnership Board, Fairer Together Board, H&WB will continue to work together to strengthen Health & Social Care cross system working and on-going integration. Together we will set out our plans and proposals from a place perspective, using evidence-based practice and population health data Islington. We will work closely with the Integrated Care Board as they develop their for the future. | em clearly for | and Reduce Capacity to J. Everson overall risk effectively coordinate agreed ICS arrangements | | | Ongoing | In progress |

| Risk Information Risk Title — 14. Serious Health and Safety Incident (Occupational) | Risk Scores | Existing Co | ntrols | | |
|---|--|---|----------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| Risk - Serious Health and Safety Incident Cause - Non-compliance with policies or procedures Consequence - Life-changing injury, fatality, compromising the health, safety and wellbeing of workforce, service users or public, potential enforcement action. Risk Update - Verbal abuse and physical violence towards council staff and contractors have increased over the last year. There is a particularly marked increase in housing and environment services. The H&S team has analysed incident data to understand the nature of incidents and identifying any patterns and pressure points. In response, all staff will receive refresher training on relevant H&S policies, e.g. lone working, and new training on conflict de-escalation is being developed. The H&S team is working closely with senior officers to drive awareness of this emerging issue across all services. The team is also reviewing how contractors are managed. Work-related stress continues to be a significant cause for staff sick absence and the team is working with HR colleagues to review the use and effectiveness of existing tools targeted at work-related stress. All types of health and safety incidents continue to be reviewed for any emerging patterns in the type of incidents and level of incidents by service. Targeted training is provided as needed. Due to the concerning trend in work-related violence incidents, this likelihood of a serious incident is assessed as increased since 2022. The impact score has been adjusted to reflect the potential consequence of a serious incident. The team will review the British Safety Council gap analysis completed in May 2019 to inform a revised audit plan and implement recommendations that remain relevant. Current review of Occupational Health and Safety leadership and governance to ensure a fit for purpose service and resources. | Current Score: L:3 (+1) I:4 (-1) Target Score: L:1 I:4 Gap to target: L:2 I:1 | Regular reviews of Corporate Health and Safety policy other Health and Safety policies. Auditing plan to monitor compliance with H&S policies Health and Safety training included in corporate induction new starters. Role specific training provided by service support from Corporate Health and Safety Team. Annual health and safety performance report to CMB. Schools which have a service level agreement with H&A are supported by corporate health and safety and regaudited. Ongoing joint work with HR to support managers and (place, physical and mental wellbeing). | | | |
| Action | Expected impact | Resources required | Owner | Due Date | Status |
| Roll out H&S training programme to address occupational violence, including new module on conflict de-escalation. | Reduce Likelihood | Staff | S. Biggs | Dec 2024 | In progress |
| Implement revised 3-year (2023-26) H&S audit plan with annual reviews. | Reduce Likelihood | Staff | S. Biggs | May 2024 (first review) | At planning stage |

| Risk Information | Risk Scores | Existing Controls |
|---|-------------|--|
| Risk Title $-$ 15. Failure to effectively respond and recover from critical incident | | |
| Risk - Failure to effectively respond and/or recover at a corporate or service level from critical/major incidents as a council. There is a risk we are not able to recover critical internal processes or respond effectively to a major incident following a disruptive event (internally/externally) within a suitable timeframe. Cause - Inadequate emergency response/contingency plans business continuity (BC) planning, disaster recovery and organisational preparedness and resilience. Consequence - Damage to reputation, resident safety, increased cost for response due poor planning, unacceptable response time. Risk Update - The Emergency Planning team have continued to respond to a number of incidents, including large incidents within the community; this included the nationwide fuel disruption, several large utility failures within the community requiring large scale evacuations. The team also planned and oversaw Operation London Bridge following the death of HM the Queen, the Proclamation of King Charles III and local events. Emergency Planning wrote and delivered several exercises, including one for the Borough Resilience Forum. The Emergency Planning team are reviewing contingency plans as part of the regular review cycle and planning exercises as well as working on bespoke plans. The review of contingency plans is to include changing process to enhance organisational preparedness. The Protect Duty is yet to be fully published and so the full impact on local authorities is not fully known and the business continuity changes corporately are underway but large scale; both factors have contributed to the heightened overall risk. | | Corporate Business Continuity plan and policy are in place. Business continuity is being reviewed to enhance our approach to resilience and improve consistency across our services. Introduction of an Islington Resilience Board to provide 'resilience champions' in each directorate to enhance organisational resilience. Undertake lessons learned after any incidents. Introduce standardised roles as part of the wider crisis response. Maintain increased capacity of LALO's to support function. Emergency generator at 222 office – Disaster recovery/Business Continuity. |

| Action | Expected | Resources | Owner | Due Date | Status |
|--|------------------------------|-------------------|----------|----------|-------------|
| | impact | required | | | |
| Full adoption of standardised roles across the organisation | Reduce impact | Staff | J. Young | Dec 2023 | In progress |
| Review of BC, Crisis Response Plans and technology processes | Reduce impact | Staff / Equipment | J. Young | Nov 2023 | In progress |
| Develop community resilience | Reduce impact and likelihood | Staff, Partners | J. Young | Dec 2023 | In Progress |

| Risk Information Risk Title — 16. Serious Health and Safety Incident in Housing | Risk Scores | Existing Controls | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--------------------|----------|------------|-------------|--|
| Risk - Serious Health and Safety incident in the Council's housing stock Cause - Non-compliance with statutory duties /regulations Consequence - Multiple fatalities, legal/regulatory action Risk Update - The service has conducted a self-assessment of how it deals with cases of damp and mould and is delivering an action plan to improve case handling. The team is also engaging in an investigation by the Housing Ombudsman on damp and mould repairs which is moving forward and is expected to report in June 2023. The demand from residents on damp and mould inspections has increased significantly over the last year from an average of around 200 to 800 per month. The team has brough in additional resources to meet demand and also reviewed the repair process to ensure visible damp and mould are addressed in a timely way. The Council is continuing to deliver its action plan to ensure compliance with the new requirements under the Fire Safety Act and Building Safety Act. Compliance programme is broken down in stages, with full compliance required by April 2024. | Current Score: L:2 I:5 Target Score: L:1 I:5 Gap to target: L:1 I:0 | Homes & Estates Safety Board provide challenge. Ongoing delivery of Fire Safety Action Plan Ongoing Fire Risk Assessment programme, with annual cycle for tall buildings with 'tolerable' rating (rather than every 3 years as per regulations – commitment given post-Grenfell). Fire Risk Assessments for all 87 tall blocks have been completed and published online for transparency. Liaison with the Department for Levelling up, Housing and Communities and London Councils on emerging resident safety issues. Housing Directors Fire Safety Sub-Group – monthly meeting to review actions, include senior staff from the London Fire Brigade (LFB) and Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities Cyclical testing for electrical, lightning, legionella and construction risks remains on track. Responsive testing service for asbestos containing materials (ACMs) in place. New team structure being put in place in 2023/24 alongside additional resources and systems to ensure a joined-up service that meets the ne of new regulations. Damp and Mould Task Force in place | | | | | |
| Action | | Expected impact | Resources required | Owner | Due Date | Status | |
| Continue liaison with Department for Levelling up, Housing and Commun London Fire Brigade | nities and | Reduce Likelihood | Staff | J. Young | Ongoing | In progress | |
| Project to roll out inter-linked alarms in street properties | | Reduce Likelihood | Staff | J. Young | June 2024 | In progress | |
| Deliver programme of work to ensure compliance with new fire and build regulations | ding safety | Reduce Likelihood | Staff/IT | J. Young | April 2024 | In progress | |
| Embedding damp and mould strategy | | Reduce Likelihood | Staff | J. Young | June 2023 | In progress | |

| Risk Information Risk Title – 17. Safeguarding Children | Risk Scores | Existing Controls |
|--|---|---|
| Risk Safeguarding practice and provision for children and young people are ineffective to current and new familial and extra familial risks Cause Non-compliance with procedures, safeguarding practice and provision for children and young people are ineffective to current and new risks, lack of suitable trained and recruited staff, increase in demand Consequence Significant harm to a child(ren), death of a child Risk Update: The complexity of need has increased overall, and the service has also seen an increase in demand in some areas. A particular challenge since end of 2021 has been the increasing needs of unaccompanied children. Pressures due to Covid-19 impact on health staff, Brexit and cost of living crisis is creating difficulties in the recruitment market for social workers and staff in residential care settings. The Council continues to work with stakeholders to address recruitment challenges. Despite these challenges, the Council has consistently maintained staffing levels where we are able to respond to safeguarding concerns and comply with procedures. The cost-of-living crisis is causing increased pressures on families which is manifesting in increasing cases of domestic violence, mental health and contextual safeguarding risks. New legislation on unregulated accommodation for children in care is coming into force in August and is likely to further heighten the lack of suitable placements for 16–17-year-olds. | Current Score: L:2 I:5 Target Score: L:2 I:5 Gap to target: L:0 I:0 | Robust Quality Assurance and monitoring processes in place. Training and development processes in place which give ongoing assurance regarding quality of work and adherence to legal framework Workforce strategy in place. Close liaison with family courts to ensure cases which can be heard progress to final hearing, so children are afforded permanency. Placements sufficiency strategy (additional resources in our placement team and working regionally to devise solutions). Increased mental health and clinical support in care leaving service for UASC children (unaccompanied). Specialist UASC project officer. |
| Action Expected impact | | Resources Owner Due Date Status |

| Action | Expected impact | Resources required | Owner | Due Date | Status |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------|----------|----------|-------------|
| Working locally, regionally and nationally to address the challenges in social care staff recruitment. | Reduce likelihood and impact | Staff/Finance | J. Abbey | Ongoing | In Progress |
| Working locally, regionally and nationally to alleviate the lack of care placements. | Reduce Likelihood | Staff | J. Abbey | Ongoing | In Progress |

| Risk Information Risk Title — 18. Diversity and Inclusion | | Risk Scores | Existing Controls | | |
|---|------------------------|-------------------------|---|----------------|----------------|
| Risk - Failure to attract and retain the diverse talent we need at every level of the organisation to deliver our services Cause - Low turnover resulting in limited opportunities for progression Lack of engagement by some directorates in apprenticeship programmes. Limited use of social media and modern attraction mechanisms. Inexperienced and non-diverse panel members. Consequence - We will be unable to realise the benefits of a diverse and inclusive workforce in shaping and delivering our services. Risk Update - Workforce planning has been built into the new People Planning process and directorates now have a People Plan to support the recruitment and development of a diverse and inclusive workforce. The Challenging Inequality Programme has a formulated 'Islington as an Employer' workstream which includes a range of activities to improve equality, diversity and inclusion. An Internal first approach and diverse panels have been implemented. The recruitment process has been reviewed and an inclusive recruitment action plan developed. Work is underway with our Anchor Institutions network to share best practice on inclusive attraction and recruitment processes. An employer value proposition has been developed following engagement with staff and leaders which will support inclusive attraction strategies. A talent attraction strategy is also under development, identifying skills gaps, hard to recruit area and identifying supportive solutions. We have completed Cohort 1 of the Islington Management Diploma, Leadership programme and Management Modules for existing/aspiring managers and Cohort 2 is in progress. Cohort 3 will begin in 2023. We are working with recruitment agencies to ensure a diverse field of candidates where | | | The Challenging Inequality Programme workstream on 'Islington as an Employer' The Public Sector Equality Duty (PSED) and Gender Pay Gap reports will incorporate an annual workforce equality plan. Both are reported annually to the Council's Audit Committee. The Corporate Management Board quarterly HR reports which include information in relation to equalities in order to monitor progress. DMTs review staff data on a monthly basis in order there is greater focus on monitoring equalities within departments. Internal first approach and diverse panels People planning process | | |
| Action | Expected impact | Resources required | Owner | Due Date | Status |
| Implementation of the Islington as an Employer workstream | Reduce L and I by 1 | Existing staff resource | D. Hodgkinson | Ongoing | On track |
| Roll out of Islington's employer brand and employee value proposition | Reduce L and I by 1 | Existing staff resource | D. Hodgkinson | September 2023 | On track |
| Implementation of the talent strategy | Reduce L and I by 1 | Existing staff resource | D. Hodgkinson | Ongoing | In progress |
| Implementation of the inclusive recruitment plan | Reduce L and I by 1 | Existing staff resource | D. Hodgkinson | Ongoing | In progress |

| Risk Information Risk Title - 19. Serious information breach or non-compliance with | | Risk Scores | Ex | isting Controls | | |
|---|--|--|----------------|--|---|---|
| Risk - The Council does not keep sensitive and/or personally identifiable is secure Cause - Non-compliance with policy and procedures Consequence - Fine, Reputational Damage, risk to individuals, legal action Risk Update - The council has reported one data breach to the ICO since the last risk upda was closed with no further action as the ICO. The ICO were satisfied by the actions taken by the council and that the breach was a result of human erro there was no evidence of wider systemic failures. There is further regulatory change around data protection on the horizon. Do Protection and Digital Information (No.2) Bill was laid before parliament on a 2023 and is due for its second reading on 17 April 2023. The proposed Bill conumber of amendments to existing data protection legislation, however the these on the council is expected to be low as we comply with current legislating. The council has a network of Information Asset Owners (IAOs) who are mer SLT and accountable for ensuring that any risks to their information is well in the Information Governance team continue to meet with IAOs and their Information on a quarterly basis with current focus being on entering assets and it risk to Coresteam (our compliance software). The council's compliance with FOI and SAR responses continues to be low, this improves the Access to Information operating model is being reviewed a move to a centralised approach. | ite. This mitigating r and that I ata 8 March contains a impact of tion. mbers of managed. ormation information o ensure | Current Score: .:3 .:3 (-1) Target Score: .:3 .:3 Gap to target: .:0 .:0 | 2. 3. 4. | ensure that the council is mana with legislation. to compliance – Timeliness of FC monitored – the and a centralise be created. Monitoring of IC Embedding of to continues to en meetings with I ensure there is and any associa | SIRO receives ging all informa The Board also both DP and FOIs and SARs or operating moded approach with CO guidance of the accountabilities are that this is CAOs and the usclear oversight atted risk and acting and association. | this continues to be del has been reviewed the acorporate team will ongoing by principle – the council sembedded through the of Corestream to of all information assets |
| | xpected npact | Resource required | | Owner | Due Date | Status |
| Create a centralised Access to Information Team to ensure that R | educe overall sk score | Staff | | D. Hodgkinson | July 2023 | In progress |

Reduce overall

risk score

Staff

D. Hodgkinson

April 2024

improves.

Implement open data strategy so that members of the public are able

to access information more efficiently. The council will publish a

schedule of when information will be published to support this.

In progress

| Risk Information Risk Title — 20. Domestic Violence Abuse | Risk Scores | Existing Cor | ntrols | | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|---|--|
| Risk - Failure to provide effective practice and provision for victims of domestic violence abuse. Cause - Accessibility to early intervention, economic slowdown/cost of living crisis resulting in increase in poverty, mental health issues and tensions within homes, inadequate capacity within the service Consequence - Serious harm to individuals and families Risk Update- The Violence Against Women and Girls (VAWG) Service Transformation has been completed and the new structures embedded. There has been a steady increase in referrals of cases at risk of serious violence, with incidents of severe violence also on the rise. There has been significant investment in this area over the last few years, and the Council has increased capacity from 4 to 54 investigators in addition to family support and resources. We continue to work with our partner organisations such as the police and probation services, both of which has been stretched over the last few years. The service is well resourced to meet demand. There are daily safeguarding meetings in place and every case is heard within three working days. Research collaboration with academic institutions continue and is resulting in more evidence-based interventions. | Current Score: L:3 I:3 Target Score: L:2 I:3 Gap to target: L:1 I:0 | now been offer, and Office for Inc. Islii Chi Ext. Sus Est Rai dev Pro Est Secured for the VAWO The police to ensure A borough residents Housing sofficers and Dept. for Officers in | additional £2 million con mainstreamed into corporation of this has been bolstered. Policing and Crime (MC) trease the number of Interest of the Ington -co-located in mediater of Services Contact and the IRIS project (Indiang to GP practices, chartened the DA counselling tablish DA Daily Safeguatise awareness and improvelopment programme levide phones to victims/tablish a new Intimate Founding for a full time Planding | re funding. The inverse funding. The inverse funding and Violence dependent Domestental health, sexual tream, Targeted dentification and lanemists etc. services arding meetings ove response to validing on Keel proposer funding on Keel proposer funding to the funding on the comme in Islington are conserved in Islingto | vestment handing secure e Reduction stic Violence al health ser Youth Supp Referral to I /AWG throug roject g DA and to ervice Iniversity of ontinuing to their childre ging VAWG s t available to g DA s Earned Au | as transformed and from Public I Unit. This has a learn DA supporvices, Bright Stoort and BAME and DA supporvices and BAME and DA support and BAME and beautiful and survivors Essex until 202 work closely were closely were services to the stooresidents and attonomy funding | the Council's Health, Mayor's been used to: rt roles in eart and services providing DA assive workforce 3 to evaluate ith the council attention of all housing for 2 Project |
| Action | ı | , | Expected impact | Resources required | Owner | Due Date | Status |
| Working with partners to hold perpetrators to account | | | Reduce Likelihood | Staff | J. Abbey | Ongoing | In Progress |
| Keel Legacy- Recommendations being implemented to embedworking with families experiencing DA. | Legacy- Recommendations being implemented to embed a new approach to ing with families experiencing DA. | | | | J. Abbey | Ongoing | In progress |
| Deliver VAWG Strategy Implementation Plan for Islington | | | Reduce Likelihood | Staff | J. Abbey | Ongoing | In progress |

| Risk Information Risk Title — 21. Well Managed Workforce | | Risk Scores | Existing Controls | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|----------|
| Risk- Failure to successfully manage our workforce to delive Cause - Lack of management experience/ability to manage through a focus on outcomes. Consequence - Workforce may not be engaged, delivering service delivery. Risk Update: The new performance management framework (Check-Ins) The roll-out includes training for staff and managers to help the check-in process while embedding a focus on delivery a development. The Care values framework is incorporated in will be supported by a new programme for managers called of the cultural change building block of the 2030 plan. The oppogrammes (Emerging Leaders and Islington Management cohort 1 graduating in late 2022. The council's learning man MyLearning, has been in place for a year and now has over face learning options. This includes a specific section for management of their skills. The Islington leadership network has also been developed during the last year to support leadership management network. The Futurework programme hour flexible, inclusive, hybrid working model. | workforce to deliver corporate priorities (ability to manage performance effectively ingaged, delivering its full potential, impacting ework (Check-Ins) takes effect from April 2023. managers to help them to get the most out of ocus on delivery and performance is incorporated into the Check-in process. This is managers called 'Leading with care', as part to 2030 plan. The council's other leadership get management Diploma) continue with incil's learning management system, and now has over 200 e-learning and face to diffic section for managers to support the eadership network, led by the Chief Executive) ear to support learning and discussion across work programme has set out the principles for | | Performance ma Care behaviours Islington Manage programme and existing/aspiring MyLearning, the Islington Leader | Performance management framework Care behaviours' Framework and toolkit Islington Management Diploma, Leadershi programme and Management Modules for existing/aspiring managers MyLearning, the council' learning manager Islington Leadership network Futurework programme | |
| Action | Expected impact | Resources required | Owner | Due Date | Status |
| Continued development of the learning management content to support management and workforce development | Reduce L and I by 1 | Existing staff resource System costs (budgeted) | D. Hodgkinson | March 2024 | On track |
| Launch of the new performance development framework and embedding across the council | Reduce L and I by 1 | Existing staff resource | D. Hodgkinson | March 2024 | On track |
| Cohort 3 of the Islington Management Diploma and Emerging Leaders programme | Reduce L and I by 1 | Existing staff resource | D. Hodgkinson | October 2024 | On track |
| 'Leading with Care' management development programme | Reduce L and I by 1 | Existing staff resource | D. Hodgkinson | December 2023 | On track |

| Risk Information Risk Title — 22. Pupil Attainment Gap | Risk Scores | Existing Controls | | | | | |
|--|--|---|-------------------|----------|-----------|-------------|--|
| Risk - Systemic failure to promote conditions (i.e. attendance) and quality provision and interventions which compound and increase pupil attainment gap for pupils Cause - levels of persistent absence, fixed term exclusions, the number of pupils opting to electively home educate, School fundings and viability remains a further challenge. Consequence - Pupils may not achieve their full academic potential (potential for a greater impact on vulnerable pupil's educational outcomes) Risk Update: Early Years (EYFS) and primary schools' assessments were undertaken for the first time in May 2022 since 2019. There were no adjustments to EYFS, and primary assessments and outcomes would not be published nationally. Outcomes would create a new baseline of assessments going forward. Secondary outcomes were undertaken with adjustments and results were published in January 2023. Overall outcomes lower in 2022 compared to 2019. EYFS and Phonics outcomes were consistent with national but below Inner London in 2022. Key Stage 1 outcomes were better than national and were above or in line with Inner London in 2022. Key Stage 2 outcomes were better than national in all subjects in 2022 but behind Inner London The Attainment 8 score was higher than national in 2022 and 4.1 points above the pre-pandemic score in 2019. Pupils achieved a positive Progress 8 score, meaning they made more progress from KS2 than similar pupils nationally. 97.3% of Islington Year 11 leavers moved into education, | Current Score: L:2 I:4 Target Score: L:2 I:2 Gap to target: L:0 I:2 | School Organisation Plan in October 2022. All three plans are interwork that focus on putting children and young people first so that schools a inclusive and viable. Progress against the three plans are shared half termly with governing bodies, head teachers and the Education Board, Children's Scrutiny Committee and the Learning and Achievement senior management teats. Progress towards the 6 education priorities will focus on disproportional vulnerable groups (ethnicity, SEND, FSM, LAC etc) | | | | | |
| employment, or training (EET), with most remaining 'in learning'. Action | | Expected impact | Resources | Owner | Due Date | Status | |
| The Islington Education Plan identifies the following priorities: To improve attendance and reduce persistent absence. To become an exclusion-free borough. To eliminate all remaining disparities in educational achievement. Increase take-up of Islington's Free Early Education Entitlement (FEEE) for three and four-year-olds. | or two, | Reduce impact | required Staff | J. Abbey | July 2023 | In Progress | |

| Risk Information Risk Title — 23. School Viability and Place Planning | Risk Score | es Existing Controls |
|---|--|---|
| Risk - Failure to implement a coherent strategy for managing the demand of school places, that could impact the pattern of provision and schools' viability. Cause - Significant reduction in pupil demand reflective of reduced birth and fertility rates within inner-London, impacted by Brexit and Covid, reduction in pupil yield from new housing. Real terms reduction in school level funding over the medium term Consequence - Schools become non-financially sustainable and unable to deliver the broad and balanced curriculum. Loss of confidence in the Council and quality of education impacted (all stakeholders) Risk Update: Demand for school places has fallen. In part this drop in demand has been driven by declining birth rates across London. Local evidence on births, health visiting and GP registrations (of children under 12 months), indicates that the recent reduction in births in Islington is likely to remain an ongoing trend. In 2019, the GLA identified problems of overestimation in the official ONS migration estimates, this is particularly acute in areas of London with high international flows and had led to inflated numbers of children in the projections that have now been revised. Individual school balances have been in decline since 2019 caused by the falling rolls, combined with increasing SEND and increasing cost pressures such as rising energy costs. An increasing number of Islington schools are projected to go into deficit. | Current Score: L:4 (+1) I:2 Target Score: L:2 I:2 Gap to target: L:2 I:0 | Monitoring of school budgets Quality assurance of school deficit recovery plans to eliminate deficits within 3 years Appointment of School Resource Management Advisors from DfE Supporting schools to create appropriate staffing structures Financial Audits of schools – including sharing lessons learnt Priority support providing focussed support to maintain provision Delivery of a phased series of structural actions to implement the School organisation plan for 2022-2025. The school organisation programme board continuing and increased internal governance Updated roll projections completed with robust checking. Admissions consultation completed (for admission in 23/24) |
| Action | Expected impact | Resources Owner Due Date Status required |
| Implementation of the school organisation plan through a phased series of actions | Reduce Likelihood | Staff – PM J Abbey Ongoing In progress support |
| Increased monitoring of school budgets | Reduce Likelihood | Staff J Abbey Ongoing In progress |

| Risk Information Risk — 24. Change Programme Delivery | Risk Scores | Existing Cor | ntrols | | |
|--|--|--|------------|--|-------------|
| Risk — Corporate governance arrangements to manage transformational change programmes may not be fully embedded to enable successful delivery of strategic ambitions. Cause - Financial challenge, inadequate governance mechanisms, lack of project management capability Consequence - Change activity faces delay, declining quality and cost escalation, financial/other benefits are not met in full. Risk Update — The Transformation Team, including the project management office (PMO) has been moved under new leadership to support a more strategic alignment with the priorities set out in Islington Together 2030. A restructure of the Transformation Team will result in improved resources to support change delivery, including a dedicated role for financial monitoring of programme budgets. The new delivery model will be underpinned by a clear governance structure which will provide tighter overview of programme delivery. | Current Score: L:3 I:2 (-1) Target Score: L:2 I:2 Gap to target: L:1 I:0 | PMO toolkit available for staff to enable consisted reporting and assurance. Monthly Transformation Board meetings in place chaired by Chief Executive to maintain a continut focus on strategy, accountability and impact of strategic programmes - bi-monthly rolling program. Islington Together Board monitors delivery of m programmes and projects | | in place, continuous act of key programme | |
| Action | Expected impact | Resources required | Owner | Due Date | Status |
| Implement a new model for transformational change delivery | Reduce impact and likelihood | Staff | N. Murtuja | Dec 2023 | In progress |
| Implement PowerBI dashboard reporting for monitoring delivery | Reduce likelihood | Staff | N. Murtuja | Autumn 2023 | In progress |

| Risk Information Risk Title — 25. IT Transformation and Resilience | Risk Scores | Existing Controls |
|---|--|---|
| Risk - We do not deliver 1) IT projects which are required to enable effective business delivery and 2) provide strong systems resilience, to ensure residents have effective digital services. Cause - Insufficient planning/resourcing/funding to deliver the IT strategy. Lack of resources to build and monitor resilience, lack of disaster recovery planning Consequence - Operation disruption, additional cost, reputational damage Risk Update - Most of the critical resilience projects have now been completed with the majority of applications moved to cloud-hosted services. This includes most recently the Parking system which supports significant revenue. This risk is therefore assessed as reduced since the last report. The next significant systems to transition to cloud are Public Protection and Planning. Digital Services conducted a full power-down of the 222 Upper St data centre in August 2022 to allow electrical works to be completed. This confirmed that the Council can keep basic resident services and staff access operational in the event of an incident. The pressure of staff shortages remains as skilled IT resources continue to be in high demand - but there are signs of easing in some IT disciplines. | Current Score: L:3 I:2 (-1) Target Score: L:2 I:2 Gap to target: L:1 I:0 | The current controls include the ongoing use of the Information Technology Infrastructure Library (ITIL) service delivery framework to ensure operational services are effective in maintaining the current platforms on which we need to build. Digital Services has established shared same processes, tools and methodologies to create greater transparency and control of projects. As a strategy the council is moving to cloud and Software as a Service (SaaS). For example, the Office365 components run in cloud and will still operate if 222 fails entirely. Vacate the secondary datacentre (NBW) by Sept 2023 and the primary datacentre (222) by Dec 2024 (excluding non-site-specific equipment) in favour of cloud delivery. Business Continuity plans are in place. WAN Transformation & core/edge switch replacement has renovated the corporate network and reduced reliance on 222 as the network hub. Boundary services have been partially moved to cloud to support remote working. Investment in SAN replacement and move to cloud-based backup (off tape) has been completed Applications will be progressively upgraded to cloud where they are naturally architected to be more resilient and are not vulnerable to onpremises hardware failures. The cloud approach also spreads the attack surface for cyber activity reducing the impact should an attack be successful. |
| Action | Expected impact | Resources required Owner Due Date Status |
| Continued delivery of IT strategy | Reduce overall score | IT/Staff/Finance D. Hodgkinson Ongoing In Progress |
| Continued delivery of planned IDS projects | Reduce Likelihood | Staff/IT D. Hodgkinson Ongoing In progress |

| Risk Information Risk Title — 26. Serious Fraudulent Activity | Risk Scores | Existing Controls | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| Risk- Serious fraud or corruption Cause — Lack of adequate governance arrangements including key controls and fraud awareness Consequence - Financial and reputational damage to the Council Risk Update: The Corporate Investigations team has increased its capacity. The team is continuing to manage the reactive case load and develop a programme of proactive anti-fraud reviews for 23/24. Controls conversations and control recommendations are being made, as apt, as a result of investigative activity. The work on the National Fraud Initiative is continuing. Joint working meetings have been held with other investigation teams including the Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) as applicable. | Current Score: L:3 I:2 Target Score: L:2 I:2 Gap to target: L:1 I:0 | Regular repowhistleblowii Internal Audintelligence i Internal Audinvestigations recommenda Fraud risks faudit Plan eweaknesses. The Corporarisks and shades Corporate Inapplicable. Corporate Inby the Cabin | eed into the annual In nsures that recommend te Investigations team are intelligence to serv vestigations provide co | tee takes place incland an annual frautigations work close identification of fitigations also work all Audit are able to the trols and prevent the ternal Audit Plan. It dations are made to stay abreast of frautice areas. The National Fraud I and I would be stayed I work advice to see the National Fraud I | uding bi-annual and report. Fiely to ensure that fraud risks. Figinitly on some of make are recurrence of fraud. Delivery of the Internal of address control and alerts and fraud ervice areas as | | |
| Action | Expected impact | Resources required | Owner | Due Date | Status | | |
| Continue to engage in the National Fraud Initiative | Reduce likelihood | Staff | D. Hodgkinson | October 2024 | Ongoing | | |
| Continue to develop an anti-fraud culture across the council through fraud awareness training and proactive anti-fraud reviews | Reduce likelihood | Staff | D. Hodgkinson | March 2024 | Ongoing | | |

| Risk Information Risk Title — 27. Non-Recent Child Abuse | Risk Scores | | Existing Controls | | | | |
|---|---|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Risk - Failure to adequately plan and deliver the Support Payment Scheme and resilience/recovery support for survivors could affect delivery of services or have a significant financial impact Cause - Practical support offer does not meet the needs of survivors. Failure to accurately plan, quantify, administer and monitor the support payment scheme. Consequence - Decline in the health and wellbeing of survivors. Expenditure exceeds budget for the support payment scheme. Reputational and political damage Risk Update: The Support Payment Scheme was launched in May 2022. Governance arrangements have been put in place with a project board monitoring the delivery of the scheme and a strategic board reviewing overall performance. The risk of fraudulent claims was addressed proactively in the design phase of the scheme with strong mitigations in place. The scheme completes in 2024 and it is expected that there might be a rush of applications over the next 12 months. The scheme has been running well in its first year and the risk is assessed as reduced. | L:1 (-1) I:5 Target Score: L:1 I:5 Gap to target: L:0 I:0 | 2 | traun for ca furthe acces . Estab Survi . Progri suppe appro . A full elemi of the | na counselling, so are, housing, ap er education and as to care record olished relationsh vors Network ar ramme governar ort offer survivol oved Support Pa support offer h ent and recognit | propriate welfare be d suitable employments. Anip, and liaison, with and other groups who are in place to plan are of non-recent chi yment Scheme. As a practical supposion and acknowledge I to helps survivors | oport and assistance enefits, access to ent and support to in the Islington | |
| Action | Expected impact | Resou requi | | Owner | Due Date | Status | |
| Practical support offer reviewed with survivors to ensure that it reflects emerging needs. | Reduce Likelihood | Staff | | J. Everson | Autumn 2023 | In Progress | |

| Information Title – 28. Increasing homelessness pressures | | Existing Co | existing Controls | | | | |
|--|---|---|-------------------|----------------|------------|--|--|
| Risk - Increasing numbers of people applying as homeless lead to the increased use of expensive and inappropriate use of temporary accommodation which will place a financial burden on the Council's General Fund budgets. Cause - Increasing numbers of people applying as homeless due to the cost-of-living crisis, the war in Ukraine and the sale of private rented properties due to the wider global economic environment Consequence - Considerable financial pressure on the council's General Fund budget, hardship for Islington residents facing homelessness Risk Update: Nationally, there has been an increasing trend in the number presenting as homeless or at threat of homelessness. Between July and September 2022, 75,860 households in the UK were initially assessed as homeless or threatened with homelessness and owed a statutory homelessness duty, up 4.4% from July to September 2021. 34,130 households were assessed as being threatened with homelessness, up 5.8% from the same quarter the previous year. This includes 6,170 households threatened with homelessness due to service of a Section 21 notice to end an Assured Shorthold Tenancy — an increase of 34,4% from the same quarter the previous year. 12,330 households were accepted as owed a main homelessness duty, up 18.1% from July to September 2021. Islington is not immune to this trend and has seen an increase over the last year. In Islington, the use of temporary accommodation as of 31st March 2023 was 1,029 homeless households living in temporary accommodation compared to 848 homeless households as at 31st March 2022. A new Temporary Accommodation policy was approved by CMB in April 2023 and will be put to the Executive in May 2023 alongside a new Housing Allocations scheme for all permanent council and housing association accommodation is at the heart of the service offer. Government funding for homelessness prevention is unknown beyond 2024/25, and there is a risk that the Council has been allocated less funds that it is entitled to due to issues around data colle | Current Score: L:2 I:2 Target Score: L:1 I:1 Gap to target: L:1 I:1 | Procedures in place to comply with the National Statutory Framework on housing duty and duty to relieve homelessness New policy framework to be put in place for temporary accommodation and housing allocations scheme Data collection and monitoring systems – new MRI application system provider being procured to strengthen this area Islington Homelessness Partnership – a collaboration with service users, charities, community and faith organisations, the council and local businesses to deliver the vision in the Council's Homelessness Charit temporary accommodation and creating Personal Housing Plans Homelessness and Rough Sleeping Strates Outreach team specialised in supporting a preventing rough sleeping | | | | | |
| Action | Expected impact | Resources required | Owner | Due Date | Status | | |
| Adoption of a new policy framework for temporary accommodation | Reduce overall score | Staff | J. Young | Sept 2023 | Planned/in | | |
| Strengthen data collection and performance monitoring of people in temporary accommodation | Reduce overall score | Staff | J. Young | Summer 2023 | Planned | | |
| Restructure of service to ensure focus on homelessness prevention | Reduce overall score | Staff | J. Young | March 2024 | Planned | | |

REPORT ENDS